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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 27 AUG 2009 HIGHEST RN 1176980-65-6 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 27 AUG 2009 HIGHEST RN 1176980-65-6

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http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html

| => e ethylen                                | io alva                     | ol/on   |
|---|-----------------------------|---|
| E1  | 1                           | ETHYLENE FURFURYL ARSENITE/CN   |
| E2  | 1                           | ETHYLENE GERMANATE(IV)/CN   |
| E3  |                             | ETHYLENE GLYCOL/CN  |
| E4  | 1                           | ETHYLENE GLYCOL (13C2H6O2)/CN   |
| E5  | 1                           | ETHYLENE GLYCOL (2,4,5-TRICHLOROPHENOXY) ACETATE/CN   |
| E6  | 1                           | ETHYLENE GLYCOL (2-CHLORO-4-AMINOPHENYL) ETHER SULFURIC ACID ESTER/CN   |
| E7  | 1                           | ETHYLENE GLYCOL (3-CHLORO-4-AMINOPHENYL) ETHER SULFURIC ACID ESTERS/CN  |
| E8  | 1                           | ETHYLENE GLYCOL (3-METHYL-4-AMINOPHENYL) ETHER SULFURIC ACID  |
| 10  | _                           | ESTER/CN  |
| E9  | 1                           | ETHYLENE GLYCOL .ALPHA.,.ALPHADIHYDROPERFLUOROBUTYL ETHER/  |
| П10   | 1                           | CN ETHYLENE GLYCOL .ALPHA.,.ALPHADIHYDROPERFLUOROOCTYL ETHER/   |
| E10   | 1                           | CN CN   |
| E11   | 1                           | ETHYLENE GLYCOL .ALPHAD-GLUCOPYRANOSIDE/CN  |
| E12   | 1                           | ETHYLENE GLYCOL 1,1,7-TRIHYDROPERFLUOROHEPTYL ETHER/CN  |
|   |                             |   |
|   |                             |   |
| => 8 83                                     |                             |   |
| => s e3<br>L1                               | 1 "ET                       | HYLENE GLYCOL"/CN   |
| L1  |                             |   |
|   | ene gl                      | yool/en   |
| L1 => e diethyl                             | ene gl                      |   |
| L1 => e diethyl                             | ene gl                      | ydol/cn<br>DIETHYLENE GLYCOBIS(ALLYL CARBONATE)-1,3,5-TRIS(2-CARBOALLYL   |
| L1<br>=> e diethyl<br>E1                    | ene gl<br>1                 | yool/cn<br>DIETHYLENE GLYCOBIS(ALLYL CARBONATE)-1,3,5-TRIS(2-CARBOALLYL<br>OXYETHYL)ISOCYANURATE POLYMER/CN   |
| L1 => e diethyl E1 E2                       | ene gl<br>1                 | yool/on DIETHYLENE GLYCOBIS(ALLYL CARBONATE)-1,3,5-TRIS(2-CARBOALLYL OXYETHYL)ISOCYANURATE POLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCODIOLEATE/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL/CN  |
| L1  => @ diethyl E1  E2 E3                  | .ene gl<br>1<br>1<br>1>     | yool/on DIETHYLENE GLYCOBIS(ALLYL CARBONATE)-1,3,5-TRIS(2-CARBOALLYL OXYETHYL)ISOCYANURATE POLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCODIOLEATE/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL/CN  |
| L1  => @ diethyl E1  E2 E3                  | .ene gl<br>1<br>1<br>1>     | yool/on DIETHYLENE GLYCOBIS (ALLYL CARBONATE) -1,3,5-TRIS (2-CARBOALLYL OXYETHYL) ISOCYANURATE POLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCODIOLEATE/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METH ACRYLATE/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METH  |
| L1  => @ diethyl E1  E2 E3 E4               | ene gl<br>1<br>1<br>1>      | yool/on DIETHYLENE GLYCOBIS (ALLYL CARBONATE) -1,3,5-TRIS (2-CARBOALLYL OXYETHYL) ISOCYANURATE POLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCODIOLEATE/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METH ACRYLATE/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METH ACRYLATE-TRIMETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3-ISOPROPYL-5-METHYL   |
| L1  => @ diethyl E1  E2 E3 E4  E5           | ene gi<br>1<br>1<br>1><br>1 | yool/cn DIETHYLENE GLYCOBIS (ALLYL CARBONATE) -1,3,5-TRIS (2-CARBOALLYL OXYETHYL) ISOCYANURATE POLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCODIOLEATE/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METH ACRYLATE/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METH ACRYLATE-TRIMETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3-ISOPROPYL-5-METHYL BENZOATE) METHACRYLATE COPOLYMER/CN   |
| L1  => @ diethyl E1  E2 E3 E4               | ene gl<br>1<br>1<br>1>      | yool/on DIETHYLENE GLYCOBIS (ALLYL CARBONATE) -1,3,5-TRIS (2-CARBOALLYL OXYETHYL) ISOCYANURATE POLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCODIOLEATE/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METH ACRYLATE/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METH ACRYLATE-TRIMETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3-ISOPROPYL-5-METHYL BENZOATE) METHACRYLATE COPOLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METHA   |
| L1  => @ diethyl E1  E2 E3 E4  E5           | 1<br>1<br>1><br>1<br>1      | yool/on DIETHYLENE GLYCOBIS (ALLYL CARBONATE) -1,3,5-TRIS (2-CARBOALLYL OXYETHYL) ISOCYANURATE POLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCODIOLEATE/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METH ACRYLATE/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METH ACRYLATE-TRIMETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3-ISOPROPYL-5-METHYL BENZOATE) METHACRYLATE COPOLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METHA CRYLATE POLYMER/CN  |
| L1  => @ diethyl E1  E2 E3 E4  E5           | ene gi<br>1<br>1<br>1><br>1 | DIETHYLENE GLYCOBIS (ALLYL CARBONATE) -1,3,5-TRIS (2-CARBOALLYL OXYETHYL) ISOCYANURATE POLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCODIOLEATE/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METH ACRYLATE/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METH ACRYLATE-TRIMETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3-ISOPROPYL-5-METHYL BENZOATE) METHACRYLATE COPOLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METHA CRYLATE POLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (8-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METHACRYLATE POLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL .BETA., BETADICHLOROVINYL PHOSPHATE POLY |
| L1 => @ diethyl E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E6 E7        | 1<br>1<br>1><br>1<br>1      | DIETHYLENE GLYCOBIS (ALLYL CARBONATE) -1,3,5-TRIS (2-CARBOALLYL OXYETHYL) ISOCYANURATE POLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCODIOLEATE/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METH ACRYLATE/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METH ACRYLATE-TRIMETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3-ISOPROPYL-5-METHYL BENZOATE) METHACRYLATE COPOLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METHA CRYLATE POLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL .BETA.,.BETADICHLOROVINYL PHOSPHATE POLYMER, SRU/CN  |
| L1  => @ diethyl E1  E2 E3 E4  E5  E6 E7 E8 | 1<br>1<br>1><br>1<br>1<br>1 | DIETHYLENE GLYCOBIS (ALLYL CARBONATE) -1,3,5-TRIS (2-CARBOALLYL OXYETHYL) ISOCYANURATE POLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCODIOLEATE/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METH ACRYLATE/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METH ACRYLATE-TRIMETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3-ISOPROPYL-5-METHYL BENZOATE) METHACRYLATE COPOLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METHA CRYLATE POLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL .BETA.,.BETADICHLOROVINYL PHOSPHATE POLYMER, SRU/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL .BETAAMINOCROTONATE/CN                             |
| L1 => @ diethyl E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E6 E7        | 1<br>1<br>1><br>1<br>1      | DIETHYLENE GLYCOBIS (ALLYL CARBONATE) -1,3,5-TRIS (2-CARBOALLYL OXYETHYL) ISOCYANURATE POLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCODIOLEATE/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METH ACRYLATE/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METH ACRYLATE-TRIMETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3-ISOPROPYL-5-METHYL BENZOATE) METHACRYLATE COPOLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-HYDROXY-3,5-DI-TERT-BUTYLBENZOATE) METHA CRYLATE POLYMER/CN DIETHYLENE GLYCOL .BETA.,.BETADICHLOROVINYL PHOSPHATE POLYMER, SRU/CN  |

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E11
              1
                    DIETHYLENE GLYCOL 2,3-DIHYDROXYPROPYL METHYL ETHER/CN
E12
                    DIETHYLENE GLYCOL 2,3-EPOXYPROPYL 2',3'-EPOXY-2'-METHYLPROPY
                    L ETHER-DIETHYLENE GLYCOL GLYCIDYL PROPYL ETHER-ETHYLENE OXI
                     DE GRAFT COPOLYMER/CN
€@ 8 <=
              1 "DIETHYLENE GLYCOL"/CN
=> e polyethylene glycol/cn
                   POLYETHYLENE FIBERS/CN
             1
                   POLYETHYLENE FIBERS, ETHYLENE-PROPENE/CN
E_2
Е3
              1 --> POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL/CN
                 POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL (1-AZIRIDINYL)ETHYL ETHER/CN
E4
E5
              1
                    POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL (2:1) ETHER WITH GLYCEROL OCTADECYL MONO
                    ETHER/CN
Ε6
              1
                   POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL (2:1) ETHER WITH GLYCEROL TETRADECYL MON
                    OETHER/CN
                   POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL (4-VINYLPHENYL) METHYL ETHER-STYRENE GRAF
Ε7
              1
                   T COPOLYMER/CN
             1
Ε8
                   POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL (400) ESTERS OF COCONUT OIL FATTY ACIDS/
           1 POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL (DODECYLIMINO) DIETHYL ETHER (2:1)/CN
1 POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL (METHYLIMINO) DIETHYL ETHER (2:1)/CN
Ε9
E10
                   POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL (METHYLOCTADECYLIMINIO) DIETHYL ETHER CHL
E11
                    ORIDE/CN
    1
                   POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL (PENTAERYTHRITOL DIOLEATE) ETHER DISULFA
E12
                    TE TRIETHANOLAMINE SALT/CN
=> 8 63
              1 "POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL"/CN
L3
=> e propylene glycol/an
            1 PROPYLENE FUMARATE POLYMER/CN
E.1
E2
                   PROPYLENE FUMARATE-PROPYLENE ISOPHTHALATE COPOLYMER/CN
Е3
              1 --> PROPYLENE GLYCOL/CN
                   PROPYLENE GLYCOL (2-CHLORO-4-AMINOPHENYL) ETHER SULFURIC ACI
E4
              1
                    D ESTER/CN
                   PROPYLENE GLYCOL .BETA.-MONOETHYL ETHER/CN
E5
              1
                   PROPYLENE GLYCOL 1,2,3-PROPANETRIYL ETHER-TOLUENE DIISOCYANA
E.6
              1
                    TE POLYMER/CN
           1 PROPYLENE GLYCOL 1,2-DIPROPIONATE/CN
1 PROPYLENE GLYCOL 1,3-DITOSYLATE/CN
1 PROPYLENE GLYCOL 1-(TERT-BUTYL ETHER)/CN
1 PROPYLENE GLYCOL 1-BEHENATE/CN
1 PROPYLENE GLYCOL 1-METHYL ETHER/CN
1 PROPYLENE GLYCOL 1-METHYL ETHER 2-ACETATE/CN
Ε7
E8
E9
E10
E11
E12
=> 8 13
              1 "POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL"/CN
=> e dipropylene glycol/cn
              1 DIPROPYLDOPAMINE/CN
F.1
                   DIPROPYLENE CARBONATE/CN
E.2
              1
Е3
              1 --> DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL/CN
E4
                   DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL .ALPHA.-METHYL-.BETA.,.BETA.-DICHLOROVINY
                    L PHOSPHATE POLYMER/CN
Ε5
              1
                   DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL .ALPHA.-METHYL-.BETA.,.BETA.-DICHLOROVINY
                    L PHOSPHATE POLYMER, SRU/CN
Ε6
                    DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL .BETA., .BETA. - DIBROMOVINYL PHOSPHATE POLY
                    MER/CN
```

| E7              | 1     | DIPROPYLENE<br>MER, SRU/CN | GLYCOL   | .BETA.,.BETADIBROMOVINYL PHOSPHATE POLY   |
|-----------------|-------|----------------------------|----------|---|
| E8              | 1     | DIPROPYLENE<br>ULFATE/CN   | GLYCOL   | 5,5,6,6,6-PENTAFLUOROHEXYL ETHER SODIUM S |
| E9              | 1     | DIPROPYLENE                | GLYCOL   | ACETATE BENZOATE/CN                       |
| E10             | 1     | DIPROPYLENE                | GLYCOL   | BENZOATE/CN                               |
| E11             | 1     | DIPROPYLENE                | GLYCOL   | BIS((6-AMINOHEXYL)CARBAMATE)/CN           |
| E12             | 1     | DIPROPYLENE                | GLYCOL   | BIS(2-CHLOROPROPYL) PHOSPHITE/CN          |
| => \$ \$3<br>L5 | 1 "DI | PROPYLENE GLY              | YCOL"/CI | 1   |
| => fil caplus   |       | RS                         |          | SINCE FILE TOTAL                          |

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CAplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2009.

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

The ALL, BIB, MAX, and STD display formats in the CA/CAplus family of databases have been updated to include new citing references information. This enhancement may impact record import into database management software. For additional information, refer to NEWS 9.

```
=> s 11 or 12 or 13 or 14 or 15
         58223 L1
         16192 L2
        119366 L3
        119366 L4
          4702 L5
```

L6 182585 L1 OR L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5

=> s 16 and steril?

128272 STERIL?

L7 1331 L6 AND STERIL?

=> s 17 and indicator

177611 INDICATOR 94796 INDICATORS 247067 INDICATOR

(INDICATOR OR INDICATORS)

L8 25 L7 AND INDICATOR

=> d 1-10 ti

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

TI Pathogen detection in large-volume particulate samples

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

TI Color change surgical prep solution

L8 ANSWER 3 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

TI Biological indicator, and its production method

L8 ANSWER 4 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

TI Hypohalite-peroxide binary compositions and methods for **sterilization** and disinfection of surfaces and solutions, and production of potable water

L8 ANSWER 5 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

TI Indicator for plasma sterilization and packaging material for sterilization

L8 ANSWER 6 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

TI Indicator for plasma sterilization and packaging material for sterilization

L8 ANSWER 7 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

TI Assay for autoantibodies to folate receptors

L8 ANSWER 8 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

- TI Development of culture medium formulated for diagnosis of bacterial and fungal infection in human buccal cavity
- L8 ANSWER 9 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

TI Sensor for oxidizing agents

L8 ANSWER 10 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN



TI Machine readable **sterilization indicator** for monitoring articles to be **sterilized** 

=> d 5, 6, 9, 10 18

L8 ANSWER 5 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

#### FIII. Text

AN 2004:907085 CAPLUS

DN 141:370660

- TI Indicator for plasma sterilization and packaging material for sterilization
- IN Sudo, Sadako; Sugiyama, Hiroko; Hayashi, Masufumi
- PA Fujimori Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

|      | J111 1        |      |          |                 |          |
|------|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
|      | PATENT NO.    | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|      |               |      |          |                 |          |
| PI   | JP 2004298479 | А    | 20041028 | JP 2003-96740   | 20030331 |
|      | JP 4111855    | B2   | 20080702 |                 |          |
| PRAI | JP 2003-96740 |      | 20030331 |                 |          |

L8 ANSWER 6 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

## FUI Text

AN 2004:857450 CAPLUS

DN 141:337881

- TI Indicator for plasma sterilization and packaging material for sterilization
- IN Sutoh, Teiko; Sugiyama, Hiroko; Hayashi, Masushi
- PA Fujimori Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

|   | C 1714 . | CIVI I         |     |     |     |             |     |      |                |     |      |      |       |     |          |      |     |     |
|---|----------|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------|-----|------|----------------|-----|------|------|-------|-----|----------|------|-----|-----|
|   |          | PATENT         | NO. |     |     | KIN         | D   | DATE |                |     | APPL | ICAT | ION 1 | NO. |          | DATE |     |     |
|   |          |                |     |     |     |             |     |      |                |     |      |      |       |     |          |      |     |     |
| ] | PI       | WO 2004087222  |     |     |     | A1 20041014 |     |      | WO 2003-JP4129 |     |      |      |       |     | 20030331 |      |     |     |
|   |          | $\mathtt{W}$ : | ΑE, | AG, | AL, | ΑM,         | ΑT, | ΑU,  | AΖ,            | BA, | BB,  | BG,  | BR,   | BY, | BZ,      | CA,  | CH, | CN, |
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|   |          |                | LT, | LU, | LV, | MA,         | MD, | MG,  | MK,            | MN, | MW,  | MX,  | MΖ,   | ΝI, | NO,      | NΖ,  | OM, | PH, |
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|   |          | RW:            | GH, | GM, | ΚE, | LS,         | MW, | MΖ,  | SD,            | SL, | SZ,  | TZ,  | UG,   | ZM, | ZW,      | AM,  | AΖ, | BY, |
|   |          |                | KG, | KΖ, | MD, | RU,         | ТJ, | TM,  | ΑT,            | BE, | BG,  | CH,  | CY,   | CZ, | DE,      | DK,  | EE, | ES, |
|   |          |                | FI, | FR, | GB, | GR,         | HU, | ΙE,  | ΙΤ,            | LU, | MC,  | NL,  | PT,   | RO, | SE,      | SI,  | SK, | TR, |
|   |          |                | BF, | ВJ, | CF, | CG,         | CI, | CM,  | GΑ,            | GN, | GQ,  | GW,  | ML,   | MR, | NE,      | SN,  | TD, | TG  |

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      AU
      2003221061
      AI
      20041025
      AU
      2003-221061

      EP
      1609488
      A1
      20051228
      EP
      2003-715678

      EP
      1609488
      B1
      20080528

                                                                             20030331
                                                                           20030331
          R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
              IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
     <u>CN 1758926</u> A 20060412 <u>CN 2003-826257</u> 20030331
<u>AT 396749</u> T 20080615

<u>PRAI WO 2003-JP4129</u> A 20030331
                                                AT 2003-715678
RE.CNT 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
               ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
     ANSWER 9 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
         1911
1921
ΑN
     2003:202909 CAPLUS
DN
     138:239964
TΙ
     Sensor for oxidizing agents
IN Mills, Andrew; Lee, Soo-keun
PΑ
     University of Strathclyde, UK
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
     WO 2003021252 A1 20030313 WO 2002-GB3994 20020902
PI
          W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
              CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
              GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
              LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
              PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
              UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
          RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG,
              CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
              PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,
              NE, SN, TD, TG

      AU
      2002313564
      A1
      20030318
      AU
      2002-313564

      EP
      1423692
      A1
      20040602
      EP
      2002-753159

                                                                             20020902
          R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
              IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK

      JP 2005502047
      T
      20050120
      JP 2003-525284
      20020902

      US 20040258562
      A1
      20041223
      US 2004-487761
      20040812

PRAI GB 2001-21444 A 20010905
WO 2002-GB3994 W 20020902
ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
OSC.G 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (5 CITINGS)
RE.CNT 11
              THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
               ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
     ANSWER 10 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
   AN 2002:921810 CAPLUS
DN
   137:365946
TI
     Machine readable sterilization indicator for monitoring articles to be
     sterilized
IN
     Kirckof, Steven S.
PA 3M Innovative Properties Company, USA
SO
     U.S., 47 pp.
```

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent LA English

FAN.CNT 1

|      | PATENT NO.      | KIND    | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|------|-----------------|---------|----------|-----------------|----------|
|      |                 |         |          |                 |          |
| PI   | US 6488890      | В1      | 20021203 | US 1999-368742  | 19990805 |
|      | JP 2003506153   | ${f T}$ | 20030218 | JP 2001-514988  | 20000705 |
| PRAI | US 1999-368742  | А       | 19990805 |                 |          |
|      | WO 2000-US18354 | W       | 20000705 |                 |          |

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
OSC.G 5 THERE ARE 5 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (5 CITINGS)
RE.CNT 126 THERE ARE 126 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> d 5, 6, 9, 10 18 kwic

L8 ANSWER 5 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

# 

- TI Indicator for plasma sterilization and packaging material for sterilization
- AB The invention relates to an indicator for plasma sterilization, suitable for use in a paper or nonwoven fabric packaging material for plasma sterilization, wherein the indicator contains (1) an adsorption indicator and/or chelatometric titrn. metal indicator, (2) organometal compd., and (3) polyhydric alc. An indicator compn. contg. hematoxylin 1.2, diisopropoxybis(acetylacetonato)titanium 2, polyethylene glycol 3.6, varnish (NT-Vestanis) 72.5, ethanol 18, and UV absorber (Tinuvin 400) 3%.

T plasma sterilization indicator packaging material; hematoxylin titanium chelating agent polyalc plasma sterilization indicator

IT Polyolefin fibers

RL: FFD (Food or feed use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (ethylene; indicators for plasma sterilization contg. indicator components, chelating agents, and polyhydric alcs. for packaging materials)

IT Chelating agents

#### Indicators

Nonwoven fabrics
Packaging materials
Paper
Plasma

Sterilization and Disinfection

(indicators for plasma sterilization contg.

indicator components, chelating agents, and polyhydric alcs.
for packaging materials)

IT Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies

RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(indicators for plasma sterilization contg.

indicator components, chelating agents, and polyhydric alcs.
for packaging materials)

IT Alcohols, biological studies

RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(polyhydric; indicators for plasma sterilization contg. indicator components, chelating agents, and polyhydric alcs. for packaging materials)

ΙT 57-55-6, Propylene glycol, biological studies 85-85-8, 1-(2-Pyridylazo)-2-naphthol 107-21-1, Ethylene glycol, biological studies 111-46-6, Diethylene glycol, biological 517-28-2, Hematoxylin 1611-35-4, Xylenol orange 1667-99-8, Mordant blue 29 <u>1787-61-7</u>, Eriochrome black T <u>7429-90-5</u>D, Aluminum, chelating compds. 7440-67-7D, Zirconium, chelating compds. 17927-72-9, Diisopropoxybis (acetylacetonato) titanium 25265-71-8, Dipropylene glycol 25322-68-3, Polyethylene glycol RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (indicators for plasma sterilization contg. indicator components, chelating agents, and polyhydric alcs. for packaging materials)

L8 ANSWER 6 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN



- TI Indicator for plasma sterilization and packaging material for sterilization
- AΒ Disclosed are an indicator for sterilization comprising an indication chem. which is useful in plasma sterilization with the use of hydrogen peroxide; and a packaging material for sterilization which has an indication unit comprising the above indicator for sterilization and in which a substance to be subjected to a plasma sterilization treatment is packaged. The above-described indicator for sterilization contains (A) one or more compds. selected from the group consisting of adsorption indication chems. and chelate titrn./metal indication chems.. . irreversible color change at a high speed. Thus, it enables definite judgment whether or not a subject has been plasma sterilized and, therefore, is useful as an indicator for plasma sterilization. By further adding (C) a polyhydric alc. to the indicator, the color change speed can be elevated and well controlled, thereby giving favorable indication performance. The above-described packaging material for sterilization is a packaging material which has a part made of a gas-permeable paper or nonwoven fabric and in which a substance to be subjected to a plasma sterilization treatment is packaged. Since the above-described indicator for sterilization is employed in the indication unit of this packaging material, it can be definitely judged whether or not a subject has been plasma sterilized without affecting the sterilization performance. A compn. contg. hematoxylin 1, diisopropoxybis(acetylacetonato)titanium 1, varnish 80.5, methanol 15, and UV-absorber (Tinuvin 400) 2.5 % was formulated,.
- ST plasma **sterilization indicator** packaging material; hematoxylin titanium chelating compd plasma **sterilization indicator**
- IT Polyolefin fibers

RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); NUU (Other use, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)

(ethylene; indicator contg. indicating agents and org. metal compds. for plasma sterilization and packaging material for sterilization)

IT Chelating agents

Indicators

Nonwoven fabrics Packaging materials Paper Plasma

```
(indicator contg. indicating agents and org. metal compds.
        for plasma sterilization and packaging material for
        sterilization)
ΙT
     Polyoxyalkylenes, analysis
     RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); NUU (Other use, unclassified);
     ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)
        (indicator contg. indicating agents, org. metal compds., and
       polyalcs. for plasma sterilization and packaging material for
        sterilization)
    Alcohols, analysis
ΙT
     RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); NUU (Other use, unclassified);
     ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)
        (polyhydric; indicator contg. indicating agents, org. metal
        compds., and polyalcs. for plasma sterilization and packaging
       material for sterilization)
ΙT
     85-85-8, PAN
                  115-40-2, Bromocresol purple 143-74-8, Phenol red
     493-52-7, Methyl red 517-28-2, Hematoxylin 573-58-0, Congo Red
     1611-35-4, Xylenol orange 1667-99-8, Mordant blue 29 1787-61-7,
     Eriochrome Black T 14782-75-3, Aluminum ethyl acetoacetate
                    17927-72-9, Diisopropoxybis(acetylacetonato)titanium
     diisopropylate
     67577-42-8, Bromocresol blue
     RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); NUU (Other use, unclassified);
     ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)
        (indicator contg. indicating agents and org. metal compds.
        for plasma sterilization and packaging material for
        sterilization)
     7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, uses
ΙT
     RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (indicator contq. indicating agents and org. metal compds.
        for plasma sterilization and packaging material for
        sterilization)
ΤТ
     57-55-6, Propylene glycol, analysis 107-21-1, Ethylene glycol,
     analysis 111-46-6, Diethylene glycol, analysis
     25265-71-8, Dipropylene glycol 25322-68-3,
     Polyethylene glycol
     RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); NUU (Other use, unclassified);
     ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)
        (indicator contg. indicating agents, org. metal compds., and
        polyalcs. for plasma sterilization and packaging material for
        sterilization)
    ANSWER 9 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
  Mielien)
The irreversible indicator for detecting oxidizing agents such as oxygen
     comprises at least one redox-sensitive dye, at least one semiconductor
     material and at least one electron donor. This indicator is activated
     by exposure to light of \sim 200-400 nm. The invention also relates to
     a UV light detector. The sensor. . . to prolong the useful life of
     many oxygen-sensitive items (e.g., food, beverages, works of art,
    pharmaceuticals, medical diagnostic kits and sterilized packages).
```

Sterilization and Disinfection

L8 ANSWER 10 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

9004-35-7, Cellulose acetate

in modified atm. packaging)

Hydroxyethyl cellulose

Polypyrrolidone

ΙT

25322-68-3, Polyethylene oxide RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)

9004-57-3, Ethyl cellulose 9004-62-0,

9011-14-7, Polymethyl methacrylate

(binder; irreversible dye-based sensor for oxygen and oxidants for use

24968-97-6,

Machine readable sterilization indicator for monitoring articles to be AΒ A sterilization indicator having sterilizing agent sensitive indicia is described. The indicator allows a sterilization cycle to be monitored without the need for a user to subjectively distinguish between color, quality or intensity of display. ST machine readable sterilization indicator monitoring article sterilized ITSterilization and Disinfection (app.; machine readable sterilization indicator for monitoring articles to be sterilized) ΤТ Computer program Electric circuits Process automation Process control Sensors Sterilization and Disinfection (machine readable sterilization indicator for monitoring articles to be sterilized) ΙT Polyoxyalkylenes, analysis RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study) (machine readable sterilization indicator for monitoring articles to be sterilized) ΙT 3244-88-0, Acid fuschin sodium salt RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study) (acid fuschin sodium salt; machine readable sterilization indicator for monitoring articles to be sterilized) 67-63-0, 2-Propanol, analysis IT64-17-5, Ethyl alcohol, analysis 107-21-1, Ethylene glycol, analysis 111-46-6, Diethylene glycol, analysis 139-33-3, Disodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate 546-93-0, Magnesium carbonate 554-13-2, Lithium carbonate 598-63-0, Lead carbonate 1762-95-4, Ammonium thiocyanate 7492-68-4, Copper carbonate  $\frac{7704-34-9}{}$ , Sulfur, analysis  $\frac{7722-84-1}{}$ , Hydrogen 13478-93-8, Nickel peroxide, analysis 9004-57-3, Ethyl cellulose dimethylglyoxime 25322-68-3, Polyethylene glycol 87831-33-2, 325775-15-3, Rhoplex I 545 Ethyl Red RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study) (machine readable sterilization indicator for monitoring articles to be sterilized) ΤТ

IT 325774-99-0, Zephyrset K 6544D

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (machine readable sterilization indicator for monitoring articles to be sterilized)

=> d 5, 6, 9, 10 18 ibib

L8 ANSWER 5 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

FUI TEXT ACCESSION NUMBER:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

SOURCE:

2004:907085 CAPLUS

141:370660

TITLE: Indicator for plasma sterilization and packaging

material for **sterilization** 

INVENTOR(S): Sudo, Sadako; Sugiyama, Hiroko; Hayashi, Masufumi

Fujimori Industry Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.             | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
|                        |      |          |                 |          |
| JP 2004298479          | А    | 20041028 | JP 2003-96740   | 20030331 |
| <u>JP 4111855</u>      | В2   | 20080702 |                 |          |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |      |          | JP 2003-96740   | 20030331 |

ANSWER 6 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:857450 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:337881

TITLE: Indicator for plasma sterilization and packaging

material for sterilization

INVENTOR(S): Sutoh, Teiko; Sugiyama, Hiroko; Hayashi, Masushi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fujimori Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Japanese LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PA'      | PATENT NO. |      |      | KIND DATE |         |          | APPLICATION NO. |      |      |      |             |                 |            |      |      |      |        |
|----------|------------|------|------|-----------|---------|----------|-----------------|------|------|------|-------------|-----------------|------------|------|------|------|--------|
| WO       | 2004       | 0872 | 22   |           | A1      |          | 2004            | 1014 |      | WO 2 | 003-        | JP41            | <u> 29</u> |      | 2    | 0030 | 331    |
|          | W:         | ΑE,  | ΑG,  | AL,       | AM,     | ΑT,      | ΑU,             | AΖ,  | BA,  | BB,  | BG,         | BR,             | BY,        | BZ,  | CA,  | CH,  | CN,    |
|          |            | CO,  | CR,  | CU,       | CZ,     | DE,      | DK,             | DM,  | DZ,  | EC,  | EE,         | ES,             | FI,        | GB,  | GD,  | GE,  | GH,    |
|          |            | GM,  | HR,  | HU,       | ID,     | IL,      | IN,             | IS,  | KE,  | KG,  | KΡ,         | KR,             | KΖ,        | LC,  | LK,  | LR,  | LS,    |
|          |            | LT,  | LU,  | LV,       | MA,     | MD,      | MG,             | MK,  | MN,  | MW,  | MX,         | MZ,             | NΙ,        | NO,  | NΖ,  | OM,  | PH,    |
|          |            | PL,  | PT,  | RO,       | RU,     | SC,      | SD,             | SE,  | SG,  | SK,  | SL,         | ТJ,             | TM,        | TN,  | TR,  | TT,  | TZ,    |
|          |            | UA,  | UG,  | US,       | UΖ,     | VC,      | VN,             | YU,  | ZA,  | ZM,  | ZW          |                 |            |      |      |      |        |
|          | RW:        | GH,  | GM,  | KΕ,       | LS,     | MW,      | MZ,             | SD,  | SL,  | SZ,  | ${ m TZ}$ , | UG,             | ZM,        | ZW,  | ΑM,  | AΖ,  | BY,    |
|          |            | KG,  | KZ,  | MD,       | RU,     | ТJ,      | TM,             | ΑT,  | BE,  | BG,  | CH,         | CY,             | CZ,        | DE,  | DK,  | EE,  | ES,    |
|          |            | FI,  | FR,  | GB,       | GR,     | HU,      | ΙE,             | ΙΤ,  | LU,  | MC,  | NL,         | PT,             | RO,        | SE,  | SI,  | SK,  | TR,    |
|          |            | BF,  | ВJ,  | CF,       | CG,     | CI,      | CM,             | GΑ,  | GN,  | GQ,  | G₩,         | $\mathrm{ML}$ , | MR,        | ΝE,  | SN,  | TD,  | TG     |
| AU       | 2003       | 2210 | 61   |           | Α1      |          | 2004            | 1025 |      | AU 2 | 003-        | 2210            | 61         |      | 2    | 0030 | 331    |
| ΕP       | 1609       | 488  |      |           | Α1      |          | 2005            | 1228 |      | EP 2 | 003-        | 7156            | 78         |      | 2    | 0030 | 331    |
| EP       | 1609       | 488  |      |           | В1      |          | 2008            | 0528 |      |      |             |                 |            |      |      |      |        |
|          | R:         | ΑT,  | BE,  | CH,       | DE,     | DK,      | ES,             | FR,  | GB,  | GR,  | ΙT,         | LI,             | LU,        | NL,  | SE,  | MC,  | PT,    |
|          |            | IE,  | SI,  | LT,       | LV,     | FI,      | RO,             | MK,  | CY,  | AL,  | TR,         | BG,             | CZ,        | EE,  | HU,  | SK   |        |
| CN       | 1758       | 926  |      |           | Α       |          | 2006            | 0412 |      | CN 2 | <u>003-</u> | <u>8262</u>     | <u>57</u>  |      | 2    | 0030 | 331    |
| AT       | 3967       | 49   |      |           | ${f T}$ |          | 2008            | 0615 |      | AT 2 | 003-        | 7156            | 78         |      | 2    | 0030 | 331    |
| PRIORITY | Y APP      | LN.  | INFO | .:        |         |          |                 |      |      | WO 2 | <u>003-</u> | JP41            | <u> 29</u> |      | A 2  | 0030 | 331    |
| REFERENC | CE CO      | UNT: |      |           | 9       | ${ m T}$ | HERE            | ARE  | 9 C  | ITED | REF.        | EREN            | CES .      | AVAI | LABL | E FO | R THIS |
|          |            |      |      |           |         | R        | ECOR            | D. A | LL C | ITAT | IONS        | AVA             | ILAB       | LE I | N TH | E RE | FORMAT |

ANSWER 9 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:202909 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:239964

TITLE: Sensor for oxidizing agents INVENTOR(S): Mills, Andrew; Lee, Soo-keun PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University of Strathclyde, UK SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PA'      | TENT 1 | NO.  |           |     | KINI | )<br>- | DATE |       | -    | APPL: | ICAT | ION 1 | NO.  |      | D.    | ATE  |                   |
|----------|--------|------|-----------|-----|------|--------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|------|-------|------|-------------------|
| MO       | 2003   | 0212 | <u>52</u> |     | A1   |        | 2003 | 0313  |      | WO 21 | 002- | GB39  | 94   |      | 2     | 0020 | 902               |
|          | W:     | ΑE,  | AG,       | AL, | AM,  | AT,    | ΑU,  | AΖ,   | BA,  | BB,   | BG,  | BR,   | BY,  | BZ,  | CA,   | CH,  | CN,               |
|          |        | CO,  | CR,       | CU, | CZ,  | DE,    | DK,  | DM,   | DZ,  | EC,   | EE,  | ES,   | FI,  | GB,  | GD,   | GE,  | GH,               |
|          |        | GM,  | HR,       | HU, | ID,  | IL,    | IN,  | IS,   | JP,  | ΚE,   | KG,  | KΡ,   | KR,  | KΖ,  | LC,   | LK,  | LR,               |
|          |        | LS,  | LT,       | LU, | LV,  | MA,    | MD,  | MG,   | MK,  | MN,   | MW,  | MX,   | MZ,  | NO,  | NΖ,   | OM,  | PH,               |
|          |        | PL,  | PT,       | RO, | RU,  | SD,    | SE,  | SG,   | SI,  | SK,   | SL,  | ТJ,   | TM,  | TN,  | TR,   | TT,  | TZ,               |
|          |        | UA,  | UG,       | US, | UΖ,  | VC,    | VN,  | YU,   | ZA,  | ZM,   | ZW   |       |      |      |       |      |                   |
|          | RW:    | GH,  | GM,       | KΕ, | LS,  | MW,    | MΖ,  | SD,   | SL,  | SZ,   | TZ,  | UG,   | ZM,  | ZW,  | ΑT,   | BE,  | BG,               |
|          |        | CH,  | CY,       | CZ, | DE,  | DK,    | EE,  | ES,   | FI,  | FR,   | GB,  | GR,   | ΙE,  | ΙΤ,  | LU,   | MC,  | NL,               |
|          |        | PT,  | SE,       | SK, | TR,  | BF,    | ВJ,  | CF,   | CG,  | CI,   | CM,  | GΑ,   | GN,  | GQ,  | GW,   | ML,  | MR,               |
|          |        | ΝE,  | SN,       | TD, | ΤG   |        |      |       |      |       |      |       |      |      |       |      |                   |
| AU       | 2002   | 3135 | 64        |     | A1   |        | 2003 | 0318  |      | AU 21 | 002- | 3135  | 64   |      | 2     | 0020 | 902               |
| EP       | 1423   | 692  |           |     | Α1   |        | 2004 | 0602  |      | EP 20 | 002- | 7531  | 59   |      | 2     | 0020 | 902               |
|          | R:     | ΑT,  | BE,       | CH, | DE,  | DK,    | ES,  | FR,   | GB,  | GR,   | ΙΤ,  | LI,   | LU,  | NL,  | SE,   | MC,  | PT,               |
|          |        | ΙE,  | SI,       | LT, | LV,  | FI,    | RO,  | MK,   | CY,  | AL,   | TR,  | BG,   | CZ,  | EE,  | SK    |      |                   |
| JP       | 2005   |      |           |     |      |        |      |       |      |       |      |       |      |      |       | 0020 | 902               |
|          | 2004   |      |           |     |      |        |      |       |      |       |      |       |      |      |       |      |                   |
| PRIORIT  |        |      |           |     |      |        |      |       |      |       |      |       |      |      | A 2   |      |                   |
|          |        |      |           |     |      |        |      |       |      |       |      |       |      |      | W 2   |      |                   |
| OS.CITI  | NG RE  | F CO | UNT:      |     | 3    | Т      | HERE | ARE   | 3 C. | APLU  | S RE | CORD  | S TH | AT C | ITE ' | THIS | RECORD            |
|          |        |      |           |     |      |        |      | TINGS |      |       |      |       |      |      |       |      |                   |
| REFEREN( | CE CO  | UNT: |           |     | 11   | Ť      | HERE | ARE   | 11   |       |      |       |      |      |       |      | OR THIS<br>FORMAT |

L8 ANSWER 10 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

EUI Texte

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:921810 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:365946

TITLE: Machine readable sterilization indicator for

monitoring articles to be sterilized

INVENTOR(S): Kirckof, Steven S.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): 3M Innovative Properties Company, USA

SOURCE: U.S., 47 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.             | KIND | DATE                    | APPLICATION NO.                             |     | DATE          |
|------------------------|------|-------------------------|---|-----|---------------|
| US 6488890             | В1   | 20021203                | US 1999-368742                              |     | 19990805      |
| JP 2003506153          | Т    | 20030218                | JP 2001-514988                              |     | 20000705      |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |      |                         | US 1999-368742                              | Α   | 19990805      |
|                        |      |                         | WO 2000-US18354                             | M   | 20000705      |
| OS.CITING REF COUNT:   | 5    | THERE ARE 5 (5 CITINGS) | CAPLUS RECORDS THAT                         | CIT | E THIS RECORD |
| REFERENCE COUNT:       | 126  |                         | 6 CITED REFERENCES A<br>ALL CITATIONS AVAIL |     |               |

- => d 11-20 ti
- L8 ANSWER 11 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

- TI Electronic system for tracking and monitoring articles to be **sterilized** and associated method
- L8 ANSWER 12 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

- TI Method of using a chemical indicator
- L8 ANSWER 13 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

- TI Measurement of indocyanine green dye is improved by use of polyethylene glycol to reduce plasma turbidity
- L8 ANSWER 14 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

- TI Chemical indicator reader for monitoring sterilization
- L8 ANSWER 15 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

- TI Customized sterilization indicators and inks printable at point of use
- L8 ANSWER 16 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

- TI Formulation development and antitumor activity of a filter-sterilizable emulsion of paclitaxel
- L8 ANSWER 17 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

- TI Interlaboratory validation of the in vitro eye irritation tests for cosmetic ingredients. 6. Evaluation of MATREX
- L8 ANSWER 18 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

- II Method of obtaining a thermosensitive indicator for monitoring dry heat sterilization processes
- L8 ANSWER 19 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

- TI Repulpable pressure sensitive adhesive tape and improvement in tack and adhesion
- L8 ANSWER 20 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

- TI Ethylene oxide sterilization of allogenic bone implants
- => d 12-15, 18 kwid

T.8 ANSWER 12 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN Method of using a chemical indicator A sterilization indicator having sterilizing agent sensitive indicia is described. The indicator allows a sterilization cycle to be monitored without the need for a user to subjectively distinguish between color, quality or intensity of display. ST chem indicator sterilization Shellac ITRL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study) (bleached; method of using chem. indicator) ΙT Sterilization and Disinfection (chem. indicator for sterilization) IΤ Process control Sensors (method of using chem. indicator) ΙT Polyoxyalkylenes, analysis Polyoxyalkylenes, analysis RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study) (method of using chem. indicator) ΙT 598-63-0, Lead carbonate RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study) (Halstab white lead A; method of using chem. indicator) 64-17-5, Ethyl alcohol, analysis 67-63-0, Isopropyl alcohol, analysis 107-21-1, Ethylene glycol, analysis 111-46-6, Diethylene glycol, analysis 139-33-3, Disodium EDTA Magnesium carbonate 554-13-2, Lithium carbonate 1762-95-4, Ammonium thiocyanate 3244-88-0, Acid fuschin sodium salt 7492-68-4, Copper carbonate 7704-34-9, Sulfur, analysis 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, analysis 9004-57-3, Ethylcellulose 13478-93-8, Nickel dimethylglyoxime **25322-68-3**, PEG 200 325775-15-3, Rhoplex I-545 RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study) (method of using chem. indicator) 325774-99-0, Zephyrset K-6544D RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses) (method of using chem. indicator) ANSWER 13 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN Indocyanine Green (ICG; CardioGreenp; Akorn Inc.) is a sterile, water-sol. dye that is used clin. as a diln. indicator for studies involving the heart, liver, lungs, and circulation. When ICG is infused i.v. into the bloodstream, it rapidly binds. 25322-68-3, Polyethylene glycol RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study) (indocyanine green dye is improved by use of polyethylene glycol to reduce plasma turbidity)

L8 ANSWER 14 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

## 

- TI Chemical indicator reader for monitoring sterilization
- AB A reader for a **sterilization indicator** having **sterilizing** agent sensitive indicia is described. The **indicator** allows a **sterilization** cycle to be monitored without the need for a user to subjectively distinguish between color, quality or intensity of display. . .
- ST sterilization monitoring chem indicator reader

```
ΤТ
    Sterilization and Disinfection
        (app.; chem. indicator reader for monitoring
       sterilization)
ΙT
    Process control
    Sensors
       Sterilization and Disinfection
        (chem. indicator reader for monitoring sterilization
ΙT
    Polyoxyalkylenes, analysis
    RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study)
        (chem. indicator reader for monitoring sterilization
ΙT
    3244-88-0, Acid fuschin sodium salt
    RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study)
        (acid fuschin sodium salt; chem. indicator reader for
       monitoring sterilization)
ΙT
    64-17-5, Ethyl alcohol, analysis
                                      67-63-0, 2-Propanol, analysis
    76-59-5, Bromothymol blue 76-60-8, Bromocresol green 76-61-9, Thymol
           107-21-1, Ethylene glycol, analysis 108-39-4, analysis
    111-46-6, Diethylene glycol, analysis 115-39-9, Bromophenol blue
    115-40-2, Bromocresol purple 139-33-3, Disodium ethylene diamine
                  546-93-0, Magnesium carbonate 554-13-2, Lithium carbonate
    tetraacetate
    598-63-0, Lead carbonate 1733-12-6, Cresol red 1762-95-4, Ammonium
    thiocyanate 7492-68-4, Copper carbonate 7704-34-9, Sulfur, analysis
    7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, analysis 9004-57-3, Ethyl cellulose
    13478-93-8, Nickel dimethylglyoxime 25322-68-3, Polyethylene
             87831-33-2, Ethyl Red 325775-15-3, Rhoplex I 545 325954-69-6,
    alvcol
    DB 892
    RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study)
        (chem. indicator reader for monitoring sterilization
    325774-99-0, Zephyrset K 6544D
ΤТ
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (chem. indicator reader for monitoring sterilization
    ANSWER 15 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
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# 

TICustomized sterilization indicators and inks printable at point of use A print on demand sterilization indicator having sterilizing agent AΒ sensitive indicia is described. The indicator allows a sterilization cycle to be monitored without the need for a user to subjectively distinguish between color, quality or intensity of display patterns. present invention comprises a sterilization indicator and monitoring method that affords the user the ability to: (a) acquire, store and use sterilization monitoring information quickly and cost effectively without the delay, cost and inaccuracy assocd. with prior art sterilization indicators, (b) reduce sterile products inventory hold time, increase the accuracy of information storage and provide higher levels of accuracy in data management, (c) possess a unified, integrated sterility assurance and inventory management system, (d) minimize the potential for human error in a system for monitoring the sterilization of articles, and (e) customize sterilization assurance information for site specific needs. In one aspect, the present invention comprises  ${\tt a}$ system for creating a chem. indicator for monitoring a sterilization process. The system comprises a graphical user interface for exchanging information between a user and computer means. The computer means of the present invention comprises storage means for storing information relating to at least two types of sterilization procedures, at least two

```
different types of sterilization sensitive indicating inks corresponding
     to the sterilization procedures, and at least one pattern for printing
     the inks. The graphical user interface including means for selecting from
     information stored in the storage means; and printing means for printing
     the chem. indicator on a backing. In another aspect of the present
     invention, the present invention comprises a method of providing a
     sterility assurance process at a health-care facility comprising the
     steps of: (1) providing options for the components of a sterilization
     indicator; (2) choosing from among the options; and (3) then printing
     the sterilization indicator at the health-care facility.
ST
     sterilization disinfection indicator ink printer reader quality
     Sterilization and Disinfection
        (app.; customized sterilization indicators and inks
       printable at point of use)
    Bar code labels
     Colorimetric indicators
     Computers
     Graphic arts
     Ink-jet printers
     Ink-jet printing
     Printing (impact)
     Printing (nonimpact)
     Quality control
     Spectrophotometry
       Sterilization and Disinfection
        (customized sterilization indicators and inks
        printable at point of use)
    Polyoxyalkylenes, analysis
     RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study)
        (customized sterilization indicators and inks
       printable at point of use)
ΤТ
     Inks
        (indicator inks, ink jet cartridge; customized
        sterilization indicators and inks printable at point
        of use)
     Printing apparatus
        (ink jet cartridge; customized sterilization
        indicators and inks printable at point of use)
ΙT
     Inks
        (jet-printing, sterilization sensitive; customized
        sterilization indicators and inks printable at point
        of use)
     Indicators
     Inks
        (sterilization sensitive; customized sterilization
        indicators and inks printable at point of use)
     Information systems
        (storage; customized sterilization indicators and
        inks printable at point of use)
     139-33-3
              546-93-0, Magnesium carbonate 554-13-2, Lithium carbonate
     598-63-0, Lead carbonate 1762-95-4, Ammonium thiocyanate 3244-88-0
     7492-68-4, Copper carbonate 7704-34-9, Sulfur, analysis 13478-93-8,
     Nickel dimethylglyoxime 25322-68-3, Peg
     RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study)
        (customized sterilization indicators and inks
       printable at point of use)
     75-21-8, Ethylene oxide, biological studies
                                                   79-21-0, Peracetic acid
IT
     7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, biological studies
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
```

ΤТ

ΤТ

ΙT

ΤТ

ΤТ

ΙT

ΤТ

(customized **sterilization indicators** and inks printable at point of use)

IT 7732-18-5, Water, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL

(Biological study); USES (Uses)

(steam; customized sterilization indicators and inks printable at point of use)

L8 ANSWER 18 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

#### 

TI Method of obtaining a thermosensitive indicator for monitoring dry heat sterilization processes

AB Indicator solns. for monitoring dry heat sterilization are obtained by mixing different proportions of the following three solns.: sodium hydroxide or potassium hydroxide in ethylene glycol or. . .

ST dry heat sterilization thermosensitive indicator

IT Sterilization and Disinfection

(method of obtaining a thermosensitive indicator for monitoring dry heat sterilization processes)

IT 56-81-5, Glycerol, uses 61-73-4, Methylene blue 107-21-1, Ethylene glycol, uses 118-91-2, 2-Chlorobenzoic acid 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, uses 1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, uses RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (method of obtaining a thermosensitive indicator for monitoring dry heat sterilization processes)

=> d 15, 18 ibib

L8 ANSWER 15 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

## FOII TERE

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:115011 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:159892

TITLE: Customized sterilization indicators and inks

printable at point of use

INVENTOR(S): Hehenberger, Rodney K.; Ignacio, Ramon T. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): 3M Innovative Properties Company, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 88 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.                              | KIND   | DATE         | APPLICATION NO.     | DATE             |
|---|--------|--------------|---------------------|------------------|
| WO 2001010473                           | A1     | 20010215     | WO 2000-US18360     | 20000705         |
| W: JP                                   |        |              |                     |                  |
| , | CY, DE | , DK, ES, FI | , FR, GB, GR, IE, I | Γ, LU, MC, NL,   |
| PT, SE                                  | - 1    | 00000500     | TD 0000 04000       | 0000000          |
| EP 1200136                              | A1     | 20020502     | EP 2000-943388      | 20000705         |
| EP 1200136                              | B1     | 20080507     |                     |                  |
| R: AT, BE, CH,                          | DE, DK | , ES, FR, GB | , GR, IT, LI, LU, N | L, SE, MC, PT,   |
| IE, FI, CY                              |        |              |                     |                  |
| JP 2003506154                           | T      | 20030218     | JP 2001-514989      | 20000705         |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:                  |        |              | US 1999-369108      | A 19990805       |
|   |        |              | WO 2000-US18360     | W 20000705       |
| OS.CITING REF COUNT:                    | 1      | THERE ARE 1  | CAPLUS RECORDS THAT | CITE THIS RECORD |

(1 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 18 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:997491 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:66692

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 124:12321a,12324a

TITLE: Method of obtaining a thermosensitive indicator for

monitoring dry heat sterilization processes

Kalczynski, Tadeusz INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pol.

SOURCE: Pol., 3 pp.

CODEN: POXXA7

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Polish LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.             | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
|                        |      |          |                 |          |
| PL 167254              | В1   | 19950831 | PL 1992-294830  | 19920609 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |      |          | PL 1992-294830  | 19920609 |

=> d 18 all

ANSWER 18 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN T.8

1995:997491 CAPLUS ΑN

124:66692 DN

OREF 124:12321a,12324a

ED Entered STN: 22 Dec 1995

Method of obtaining a thermosensitive indicator for monitoring dry heat sterilization processes

ΙN Kalczynski, Tadeusz

PΑ Pol.

Pol., 3 pp. SO CODEN: POXXA7

DTPatent

LA Polish

IC ICM G01N031-22 ICS G01N033-00

CC 63-8 (Pharmaceuticals)

FAN.CNT 1

|      | PATENT NO.     | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|------|----------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
|      |                |      |          |                 |          |
| PI   | PL 167254      | B1   | 19950831 | PL 1992-294830  | 19920609 |
| PRAI | PL 1992-294830 |      | 19920609 |                 |          |

PRAI PL 1992-294830

CLASS

| PATENT NO. | CLASS | PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES |  |
|------------|-------|------------------------------------|--|
|            |       |                                    |  |
| PL 167254  | ICM   | G01N031-22                         |  |

ICS G01N033-00

IPCI G01N0031-22 [ICM,6]; G01N0033-00 [ICS,6]

IPCR G01N0031-22 [I,C\*]; G01N0031-22 [I,A]; G01N0033-00 [I,C\*]; G01N0033-00 [I,A]

- AB Indicator solns. for monitoring dry heat sterilization are obtained by mixing different proportions of the following three solns.: sodium hydroxide or potassium hydroxide in ethylene glycol or glycerol, 2-chlorobenzoic acid in glycol or glycerol, methylene blue in glycol or glycerol.
- ST dry heat sterilization thermosensitive indicator
- IT Sterilization and Disinfection

(method of obtaining a thermosensitive indicator for monitoring dry heat sterilization processes)

IT 56-81-5, Glycerol, uses 61-73-4, Methylene blue 107-21-1, Ethylene glycol, uses 118-91-2, 2-Chlorobenzoic acid 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, uses 1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, uses RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (method of obtaining a thermosensitive indicator for monitoring dry heat sterilization processes)

=> d 21-25 ti

L8 ANSWER 21 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

- TI Indicator inks for sterilization by ethylene oxide
- L8 ANSWER 22 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

- TI Sterilization by gases at low temperature
- L8 ANSWER 23 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

- TI Antimicrobial heat treatment of nonaqueous, hydrophilic solutions
- L8 ANSWER 24 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

- TI Ethylene oxide sterilization indicator
- L8 ANSWER 25 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

- TI Radiation dosimeters
- => d 21, 22, 24, 25 ti, kwic
- L8 ANSWER 21 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

- TI Indicator inks for sterilization by ethylene oxide
- TI Indicator inks for sterilization by ethylene oxide
- AB . . . printed on paper and exposed to air contg. 500 mg/L ethylene oxide at 50° for 2 h (conditions for conventional **sterilization**).

  The ink turned green, the color being more intense in moist air.
- ST ethylene oxide sterilization indicator; azo dye indicator sterilization; acrylic acid copolymer ink; benzothiazole deriv indicator ink; ink indicator sterilization oxirane; methacrylic acid copolymer ink
- IT Sterilization and Disinfection

```
(by ethylene oxide, indicator inks for)
ΙT
     Indicators
        (for sterilization, by ethylene oxide, colored inks as)
ΙT
        (indicator, sterilization-sensitive, for ethylene
        oxide, contq. poly[(meth)acrylic acid] and (benzo)thiazole azo dyes)
ΙT
     6373-93-9
                9003-01-4
                            25087-26-7
                                         25751-21-7
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (inks, indicators for sterilization by ethylene
     75-21-8, biological studies
                                   25322-68-3
ΙT
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (sterilization by, indicator inks for)
     ANSWER 22 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
T.8
  MINIST N
Sterilization by gases at low temperature
TI
     Sterilization by gases at low temperature
AΒ
    Materials such as surgical catheters, syringes, etc., may be sterilized
    by using gases such as HCHO [50-00-0] or ethylene oxide [75-21-8] at low
     temps. The gas is obtained by evapn... and 73.7\% water. At
     60^{\circ} the gaseous phase had 9.8 mg/L HCHO and the humidity was 90\%.
     The capacity of sterilization of the gas was tested by using spores of
     Bacillus subtilis as the biol. indicators. The no. of spores after a 30
     min sterilization of a polyethylene material (contq. 8 \times 105.6
     spores) was 16. An app. for generation of the gas is described.
     sterilization surgical good gas; formaldehyde sterilization surgical
ST
    good; ethylene oxide sterilization surgical good
     Sterilization and Disinfection
IT
        (by ethylene oxide or formaldehyde, of surgical goods)
     Surgical dressings and goods
IΤ
        (sterilization of, ethylene oxide or formaldehyde for)
ΙT
    Alcohols, biological studies
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (polyhydric, sterilization of surgical goods by formaldehyde
        in solns. of)
                                  75-21-8, biological studies
ΙT
     50-00-0, biological studies
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (sterilization by, of surgical goods)
                                  57-55-6, biological studies 67-56-1,
     56-81-5, biological studies
     biological studies
                         107-21-1, biological studies
     25322-68-3
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (sterilization of surgical goods by formaldehyde in solns.
    ANSWER 24 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
  Ethylene oxide sterilization indicator
TI
    Ethylene oxide sterilization indicator
    A monitoring device for use in ethylene oxide (I) [75-21-8] sterilizing
AΒ
     systems consisting of an envelope contg. an indicator coated with a dye,
     which besides showing a color change on completion of the sterilization
     cycle also indicates the completion of the subsequent aeration cycle.
     E.g., filter paper was impregnated with a mixt. of polyethylene glycol 200
     [25322-68-3] 40-60, polyethylene glycol 400 40-60,
     4-(p-nitrobenzyl)pyridine [1083-48-3] 1-2.5, thiourea [62-56-6] 1-1.5, and
```

water 2-3 g and placed in a packaging envelope with a transparent front and gas penetrable back. The **indicator** turns from white to violet when ethylene oxide **sterilization** is complete and from violet to gray and then gray green when aeration is complete.

ST ethylene oxide **sterilization indicator**; nitrobenzylpyridine ethylene oxide **indicator**; pyridine nitrobenzyl ethylene oxide **indicator** 

IT Sterilization and Disinfection

(by ethylene oxide, indicator for)

IT 1083-48-3 25322-68-3 62-56-6, uses and miscellaneous

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(in sterilization indicator, for ethylene oxide)

IT 75-21-8, biological studies
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(sterilization indicator for)

L8 ANSWER 25 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

#### 

TI Radiation dosimeters

AB A soln. contg. an acid-base indicator and a base such as H2O, EtOH, or ethylene glycol in a medium such as a low-mol.-wt. aliphatic alc., which.

. vinylidene chloride, which liberates an acid when exposed to radiation, to give a dosimeter which can be used in radiation sterilization. Thus, a soln. is prepd. from 1 g. methyl orange, 850 ml. Me2CO, and 150 ml. H2O, poly(vinyl chloride), thickness. . . dried at room temp. and cut to give yellow placards. The placards are placed on objects which are to be sterilized with radiation from Co6O, the placards and the object are exposed to approx. 2.5 Mrad, and the color of the.

IT Indicators (for titration)

(acid-base, polymers releasing acid by radiation contg., dosimeters from)

IT Dosimeters

(from acid-base indicator and acid-releasing polymer)

IT <u>9002-85-1</u>, Ethylene, 1,1-dichloro-, homopolymer <u>9002-86-2</u>, Ethylene, chloro-, homopolymer

(radiation dosimeter from acid-base indicator and)

IT 64-17-5, Ethyl alcohol

(radiation dosimeter from acid-base indicators, polymers and)

IT 67-64-1, Acetone 107-21-1, Ethylene glycol 628-63-7, Pentyl acetate 7732-18-5, Water

(radiation dosimeter from polymer, acid-base indicator and)

=> d 21, 22, 24 ibib

L8 ANSWER 21 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

# Fall Text

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:444950 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:44950

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 105:7425a,7428a

TITLE: Indicator inks for sterilization by ethylene oxide

INVENTOR(S):
Yamamoto, Masashi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sakura Color Products Corp., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

#### PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.             | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
|                        |      |          |                 |          |
| JP 60243173            | A    | 19851203 | JP 1984-99292   | 19840516 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |      |          | JP 1984-99292   | 19840516 |

L8 ANSWER 22 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:600576 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 99:200576

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 99:30794h,30795a

TITLE: Sterilization by gases at low temperature

INVENTOR(S): Hennebert, Pierre; Gillard, Jean; Roland, Michel

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Belg.

SOURCE: Belg., 18 pp.
CODEN: BEXXAL

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.             | KIND    | DATE          | APPLICATION NO.      | DATE             |
|------------------------|---------|---------------|----------------------|------------------|
| BE 895729              | 7.1     | 10020720      | nm 1003 200007       | 10020120         |
|                        |         |               | BE 1983-209987       |                  |
| <u>US 4637916</u>      |         | 19870120      |                      |                  |
| <u>IL 70768</u>        | Α       | 19880331      | <u>IL 1984-70768</u> | 19840124         |
| DK 8400366             | А       | 19840729      | DK 1984-366          | 19840126         |
| FI 8400348             | A       | 19840729      | FI 1984-348          | 19840127         |
| NO 8400325             | A       | 19840730      | NO 1984-325          | 19840127         |
| NO 157284              | В       | 19871116      |                      |                  |
| NO 157284              | С       | 19880224      |                      |                  |
| JP 59224639            | A       | 19841217      | JP 1984-14180        | 19840127         |
| AT 20310               | ${f T}$ | 19860615      | AT 1984-870011       | 19840127         |
| AU 559036              | В2      | 19870219      | AU 1984-23845        | 19840127         |
| CA 1232424             | A1      | 19880209      | CA 1984-446178       | 19840127         |
| EP 117860              | A1      | 19840905      | EP 1984-870011       | 19840905         |
| EP 117860              | В1      | 19860611      |                      |                  |
| EP 117860              | В2      | 19890531      |                      |                  |
| R: AT, BE, CH,         | DE, E   | FR, GB, IT, L | I, LU, NL, SE        |                  |
| <u>US 4764351</u>      | A       | 19880816      | US 1984-675169       | 19841127         |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |         |               | BE 1983-895729       | 19830128         |
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| OS.CITING REF COUNT:   | 7       | THERE ARE 7   | CAPLUS RECORDS THAT  | CITE THIS RECORD |
|                        |         | (7 CITINGS)   |                      |                  |

L8 ANSWER 24 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

Full Text

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:47301 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 86:47301
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 86:7500h,7501a

TITLE: Ethylene oxide **sterilization indicator**INVENTOR(S): Whitbourne, James E.; Eastman, Carolyn A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sybron Corp., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 4 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.             | KIND | DATE        | APPLICATION NO.       | DATE             |
|------------------------|------|-------------|-----------------------|------------------|
|                        |      |             |                       |                  |
| <u>US 3992154</u>      | A    | 19761116    | <u>US 1975-643189</u> | 19751222         |
| CA 1073327             | A1   | 19800311    | CA 1976-263986        | 19761022         |
| AU 7620616             | A    | 19780622    | AU 1976-20616         | 19761216         |
| AU 498337              | B2   | 19790301    |                       |                  |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |      |             | US 1975-643189        | A 19751222       |
| OS.CITING REF COUNT:   | 4    | THERE ARE 4 | CAPLUS RECORDS THAT   | CITE THIS RECORD |
|                        |      | (4 CITINGS) |                       |                  |

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:47:31 ON 30 AUG 2009)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:47:56 ON 30 AUG 2009

E ETHYLENE GLYCOL/CN

L1 1 S E3

E DIETHYLENE GLYCOL/CN

L2 1 S E3

E POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL/CN

L3 1 S E3

E PROPYLENE GLYCOL/CN

L4 1 S L3

E DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL/CN

L5 1 S E3

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:49:18 ON 30 AUG 2009

L6 182585 S L1 OR L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5

L7 1331 S L6 AND STERIL? L8 25 S L7 AND INDICATOR

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